

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

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CHARLES S. CRANE, Manager.

TUESDAY

NOVEMBER 8

THE WARNING, WILL WE HEED IT?

Honolulu has escaped a catastrophe through the vigilance of the officers of the quarantine service. Yellow fever, more to be dreaded in these islands than war, has appeared at our gate. That it did not enter is due entirely to the efficient men who held up the Hongkong Marn and afforded no opportunity for the dread disease to secure a foothold.

People of Hawaii have good reason to be thankful. The possibility of danger from the disease that has scourged the south can not be exaggerated. "The fire is laid; the tinder prepared; it only requires the spark," is the way one authority described the situation a short time ago.

One case of yellow fever ashore and undetected and death would stalk through the length and the breadth of Hawaii, striking down its victims faster than they could be buried. Such is the opinion of another physician. The Hawaiian race would be decimated, whites and Japanese would die in thousands.

We have escaped the present danger. What about the next time? And the time after that, and after that? Regular lines of steamships are now running between this port and those of Central and South America. Following the completion of the Panama Canal, the number of these steamers will be multiplied. The quarantine service is efficient but accidents will happen.

There is only one way that Honolulu can be made safe. That is to exterminate the mosquitoes. It can be done. In the Panama Canal zone, where conditions were less favorable than Oahu, it has been done.

With the yellow fever mosquito, the "day-time" mosquito, here, the danger of a pestilence is ever present.

We have had one lesson, one warning. Are we going to heed it, or are we going to continue trusting to luck?

If we are going to bar the possible advent of yellow fever, there must be cooperation between citizens and officials. Half-way measures will be little less than useless. It is not only necessary to provide money for a more extensive mosquito campaign, but the money must be spent judiciously and the public generally must do its share of the work.

It is not impossible that the investigations now under way by the federal authorities will show that the taro and rice fields are mosquito-breeding spots. If so, the cultivation of taro and rice will probably have to be done away with. One thing is certain. If we do not look after ourselves, we will be looked after.

REGARDING R. H. TRENT.

For several weeks the effort has been kept up to obtain some statement from Treasurer Trent regarding his views on the main issues of the campaign. For several weeks he has maintained silence. If he has any opinions, he treats them as private and none of the public's business, evidently regarding himself as so indispensable to the public of Honolulu that it will accept him and whatever he chooses to do without question.

The Advertiser is free to confess that it is greatly disappointed in Mr. Trent's attitude during this campaign. Not so very long ago this paper suggested the reelection of Mr. Trent by acclamation. At that time the purchaser of the Democratic party had not started in on his campaign of desperation against the sugar interests and the allied agricultural interests of Hawaii, upon which the prosperity of the country rests. At that time, Mr. Trent had not shown himself one of the chief supporters of any such policy as outlined in the Democratic platform. He was regarded by The Advertiser as one having at heart the best interests of Hawaii.

When the time of the Democratic convention came and it was seen that the main issue of the campaign would be that of immigration, it was generally supposed that Mr. Trent would stand with the other responsible men of his party and combat the McCandless attempt to seek election through misrepresentation. A clear and businesslike statement was looked forward to from him. Not for a moment did his friends expect to see him take refuge in silence or acknowledge that he had not the courage of his convictions.

But he disappointed his friends and created for himself the hostility that will defeat him on Tuesday. The only excuse he might have, that he does not stand on the territorial platform, is done away with from the fact that he has accepted and holds the position of treasurer of the Democratic territorial executive committee, the committee which makes the election of L. L. McCandless its sole business.

Mr. Trent has flouted his former friends, stands opposed to the business interests of the islands, backs the election of McCandless and his only explanation is given in his baby talk at Democratic meetings.

For this, and because R. W. Shingle possesses every qualification for the treasuryship, combined with the courage to announce his position to the public, the Republican candidate should be elected by as great a vote as any ever cast in any former election for Mr. Trent.

THE CENSUS FIGURES.

The Advertiser is able this morning to announce the first official figures of the census recently taken of the population of these islands. The figures furnish no particular surprises, except, perhaps, the one that the increase has been comparatively so small in the total.

It has been generally appreciated that the total population is half oriental, but that there should be approximately 105,000 orientals to 85,000 all others will come as a shock to the mainlanders, if not to those here. The decrease in the number of Hawaiians is one of the deplorable things about the figures which show that on an average of one Hawaiian a day for the past ten years has gone and never been replaced. The fact that the decrease among the pure Hawaiians is more than made up for by the increase among the Hawaiians of mixed blood is one of the gratifying features of the report, showing that the amalgamation of the races is being kept up, a majority of the part-Hawaiians listed being Caucasian-Hawaiians.

The figures show that while the net increase among the orientals is nineteen thousand, the increase among Caucasians, Hawaiians and part-Hawaiians amounts to thirteen thousand, with the Porto Rican immigrants of the decade to just about offset the preponderance of oriental increase.

The exodus of the Chinese and the excess of death over births among the race here together show a loss to the Territory of over four hundred a year.

The figures, generally, as presented elsewhere in this issue, deserve a careful study, in view of the government by commission talk and the attempt being made by the McCandless branch of Democracy to shut off further Caucasian immigration.

The hoodlum exhibition at Aala Park last night, aided by a drunk police officer, which Sheriff Jarrett and Deputy Sheriff Rose refused to suppress, will not help the chances for the present heads of the police departments at the polls today. Up to last night's failure to protect the speakers on the Home Rule stand, there had been a general feeling of regret among the Republican independents at the call of Republican duty to help put out of office either the sheriff or his deputy. Last night's exhibition, however, will not only make the election of Andrew Cox surer, but make that election a more popular one.

It would make the work of those tabulating the returns from the polling booths tonight easier and more satisfactory if the judges of election would all begin their count on the delegate and legislative ballot first, leaving the county ballot to be counted afterwards. If that is done, the full legislative returns can be posted while the county ballots are being counted. In past elections, some of the official tallies counted one set of ballots first, and others the other set, thus leaving the full returns on all until a very late hour. Start in on the legislative ballot first this evening.

The Republican committee has suggested that it would be a good thing if the business houses would declare this afternoon a half holiday and let the clerks out to help make the Republican majorities the greatest that have been. The suggestion is a good one. There will be more politics than business this afternoon, anyhow, and Republican clerks and workmen are better working around the polls than talking politics behind counters.

Thank goodness the speakers are over.

ELECTIONS ON THE MAINLAND.

Election of State officers, judges of the supreme court, railroad commissioners, etc., will be held today in thirty-eight States, Maine, Vermont, Arkansas and Georgia have held their State elections, but the two latter states will elect representatives in congress. Maryland, Mississippi, Virginia and West Virginia, likewise, will elect congressmen. Maine and Vermont have already chosen their congressmen and State officers.

In twenty-eight of the States, Governors and full State tickets are to be elected. In nine others, justices of the supreme court and minor officials are to be chosen, while in Indiana State officers, except Governor, will be elected. A number of the States will elect members of the Legislature. The terms of thirty United States senators expire March 3, 1911. The legislatures of Alabama, Maryland and Vermont have elected their senators.

The sixty-second congress will be elected. The sixty-second congress will be elected. The sixty-second congress will be elected.

South Carolina and Louisiana have each but one ticket—the Democratic. The Prohibition party has tickets in twenty-five States, the Socialists in thirty-four, the Socialist Labor in eight. The Independence League has a full State ticket in New York; the Keystone and the Industrial party each have a ticket in Pennsylvania; the People's Independent (Populist) has one in Nebraska, and the American party (anti-Mormon) one in Utah.

The number of tickets in the various States is: 1, South Carolina and Louisiana; 2, Florida, Kentucky, and North Carolina; 3, Idaho, Nevada, Washington and Wyoming; 4, Alabama, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Montana, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Tennessee and Wisconsin; 5, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio, Texas, Utah; 6, New York and Pennsylvania.

Prohibitionists have tickets in California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Texas, Utah and Wisconsin.

Socialists have tickets in Alabama, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming. The Socialist Labor party has tickets in Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New York, Ohio and Texas.

Numerous proposed constitutional amendments and questions of various kinds are to be submitted in many of the States. Prohibition is an issue in Florida, Missouri and Oregon, and in those States proposed amendments to the constitution prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors will be voted upon. In Texas, the incoming legislature will submit to the voters for approval or rejection, a constitutional amendment providing for prohibition. Oklahoma will vote incidentally on a proposed constitutional amendment substituting local option for the present system of state-wide prohibition.

Three States, Oklahoma, South Dakota and Washington, will vote directly on the question of granting suffrage to women, while in Oregon a proposed amendment to the constitution grants to all taxpayers, regardless of sex, the right of suffrage.

The largest number of questions to be voted upon in any one State is in Oregon. There thirty-two initiative and referendum measures will be upon the ballot for approval or rejection. Included in this number, besides the proposed suffrage and prohibition amendments to the constitution, is a bill, proposed by initiative petition, amending the Oregon primary law, and extending its provisions to presidential nominations, allowing voters to designate their choice for President and Vice President; providing for direct nomination of party candidates for presidential electors; for election by party voters of delegates to their party national nominating conventions.

One of the suggested amendments to the Oregon constitution proposed by initiative petition, provides for verdicts by three-fourths of a jury in civil cases. Another proposed amendment increases the initiative and referendum and recall powers of the people.

Conservation of natural resources will be passed upon by voters of Wisconsin in the shape of a proposed amendment to the constitution, authorizing the State to make annual appropriation for acquiring, preserving and developing water power and forests of the State. In Minnesota, a proposed constitutional amendment authorizes the legislature to exempt from taxation lands of private persons to be used for purposes of reforestation.

TODAY'S RESULTS.

Unless every sign fails, unless every indication is at fault, unless the experiences of other campaigns cannot be applied to the one to be ended at the ballot box today, the Republican ticket, with the possible exception of one or two candidates, will be elected.

We look forward to a gratifying response to the appeals to the intelligence of the voters made by the Republican party, and anticipate with equal pleasure the turning down that is to be administered to the Democratic party and the one who appears today for the last time as the leader of that party. The appeals of the Democrats have been to the credulity and the passions of the ignorant; the Republicans have taken the higher ground and have campaigned in such a way as to appeal to the intelligence of the voters.

As was to have been expected, the demagogues received the first clamorous applause, which died out and dwindled to a whisper as soon as the voters were appealed to on the lines of common sense. Before the campaign had gone two weeks, the voters recognized the fact that McCandless and his followers mistook the Hawaiians for fools. Once recognized, the mistake was naturally resented and from that time on the McCandless boom began to shrink. Today it is not even wobbling.

The results of today's voting should be to end forever the political aspirations of Mr. McCandless. During the past few days many Democratic candidates, recognizing the fact that the McCandless leadership was contributing most toward their own defeat, have openly expressed the hope that the victory of Kuhio will be so complete as to relieve the Democratic party of any further McCandless blight.

The campaign just closing has been an educational one. For the first time in the history of the Territory there have been issues to discuss, with the result that the voters have been brought closer into touch with the responsibilities resting on them than ever before. The Democrats drafted their platform to include what they thought would be popular with the unthinking; the Republicans, although there were some misgivings within the party councils, adopted for their platform what they believed to be right, relying on facts and an educational campaign to make popular what should be popular, whether it happened to be so at the time of the convention or not.

The result is that the Democrats were left to choose their own fighting ground and have been defeated with their own weapons.

When the results are known this evening it will be shown how well founded were the confidences of the Republican leaders in the good sense of the people and what an error was made by the Democrats in allowing a one-man, selfish scheme, fostered by an inordinate ambition, to dominate their platform and their campaign.

Many attempts having been made to get the answer to the question: "Why should the Portuguese be called ruffians?" the Democrats not seeing fit to answer, it is up to the Portuguese themselves to make the reply through the ballotbox.

The Associated Press, in advance matter, announced several days ago that Kuhio had been elected Delegate to congress from Hawaii. The A. P. had the right tip but its announcement was a trifle premature.

The parades last night were about as two to one. That is a fair representation of the strength of the parties, two Republicans to one Democrat.

It's a long face that has no turning and today appears to be Lane's turn.

Lateline Tomorrow.

Castle & Cooke, the local agents for the Matson Navigation steamship Line, have received a wireless to the effect that the vessel would arrive at Honolulu tomorrow morning.

The lateline is bringing from San Francisco a large general cargo amounting to 1764 tons and included in this consignment are thirteen automobiles for local importing firms. The vessel will bring twenty-four passengers and sixty-four sacks of later mail and mail. The vessel also carries over one hundred tons of freight destined for Hawaii. The lateline is meeting with light

southwest winds and smooth seas according to last report.

REPUBLICANS WHO VOTE AS ASSOCIATION MEN

"I am a Republican," said a young voter yesterday. "But I belong to the St. Louis Alumni Association, and as Bill Jarrett is a member I'll have to vote for him; and then I'll have to vote for Trent, because one of our boys works under Trent and he'll lose his job if Trent is defeated." That is a sample of the "reasoning" which has been trapped up in the present campaign.

ADMIRAL HARBER ON WAY HERE

Capt. Cowles, Who Relieves Rees, Will Be an Admiral in Three Months.

Rear-Admiral Harber, United States Navy, who was relieved of the command of the Pacific fleet at Mare Island on November 1, will arrive here on Monday next from San Francisco as a passenger on the Pacific Mail liner Korea. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Harber. They will remain here a short time and will then leave for Washington to await orders. Admiral Harber retires from the service next September.

Rear-Admiral Barry relieved Admiral Harber, the flagship California being delegated to be flagship of the second squadron, Admiral Barry raising his flag over the West Virginia. Rear-Admiral Chauncey Thomas commands the second division.

Admiral Harber commanded the Maine on the round-the-world cruise of the battleship fleet.

The Pacific fleet sailed for San Diego for target practice on November 3 and will be there to greet the Japanese training squadron which leaves Honolulu next Saturday for Mexico and South American ports.

With the transfer of commanders-in-chief, Lieutenant-Commander Chase is relieved as chief of staff and Lieutenant Leahy as flag lieutenant.

Cowles Coming in December.

Capt. W. S. Cowles, U. S. N., who is to relieve Admiral Rees in command of the Honolulu naval station, will probably arrive here next month on the transport Logan with his family. In about three months Captain Cowles will be elevated to flag rank and become a rear-admiral. Admiral Rees will leave as soon thereafter as possible, preferring to sail on the Sierra which goes on December 14.

No Station Ship Available.

Admiral Rees has had no information that would lead to the belief that Honolulu will have a station ship for about a year. The old tug Iroquois which was sent to the Coast for repairs will not be ready for service again until next May. Meanwhile, the navy department has no available vessel to send here as a station ship for the naval station. The Kukui is available for the admiral at times, but it is not always here when he wants it.

DEMOCRATS HAD LARGE PARADE

(Continued from Page One.)

And the "Democratic Parade"; it was simply pitiful to see the comparatively few voters wending their way down Hotel street in silence. The turnout was a failure, and the wives and mothers had to be called in to swell the ranks. Only a few hundred people joined in the procession, and when the time came for the start to be made from Atkinson Park, the excuse was offered that most of the Democratic voters had been forced by their bosses to take part in the Republican demonstration.

Right through the dreary hours at Aala Park last night and well into this morning, the same note was sounded in every speech. "Down with the rich people; we are the poor and we have to take care of ourselves." The Democratic meeting was more in the nature of a labor demonstration, where the doctrine of down with capital was preached. Every speaker made a point of saying that he was one of the "common" people and for that reason he should be elected.

Only one man made a sensible speech and that was Jarrett; he did not indulge in any "higher wage" talk. He said that he stood on his record for the past two years and that if people wanted to vote for him to do so.

The crowd was with Jarrett and he got the greatest applause of the evening. Rose was also well received, and, excepting these two speakers, there were only feeble attempts at cheers for the rest of the candidates.

E. M. Watson was the chairman of the meeting, and he became very tiresome before the evening was through. His many little stories and comparisons did not go well after a while. He took every opportunity of throwing slush at the candidates on the Republican ticket, and some of his remarks were in very bad taste.

Watson introduced Hanapi as the first speaker, and claimed that the principal reason that Hanapi should be elected was because he was a brother-in-law of the late Frank Harvey. Hanapi told the gathering cheerfully that the Republicans had stolen everything they could lay their hands on. This beautiful story delighted the crowd.

Solomon Meheula was the next on the stump and he sang his piece; Solomon's voice is not what it used to be, and he stuck on the high notes like Sister Jane of fame.

Several other speakers kept the crowd amused for a while, but they all spoke in Hawaiian and there was no English

LIBEL BROUGHT AGAINST OWNERS

Master of Wrecked Helga Brings Suit to Recover Wages Due a Seaman.

With a pitiful portion of the hulk of the Helga sticking into the air off the reef of Waikiki, her ghost now roaming with the shades of dead ships, has mournfully wandered into the federal court and inspires another suit in admiralty. Daniel C. Wall, master of the wrecked vessel, yesterday filed a libel against the ship's owners for the wages due a seaman and with the libel is an attachment on moneys in the possession of the Hawaiian Trust Company and Hind, Ralph & Co., the agents.

This money amounts to \$1600 and is said to represent the value of that part of the ship's cargo of coal which was saved. The first appearance of the case in court will be on the eighteenth of November when the money will be paid in to the clerk.

It is three or four months now since maritime Honolulu woke up one morning and found the Helga, a chance visitor to the coast, high and dry on Waikiki reef. It was only a few days after she struck when a kona wind and sea opened her up and dumped 1600 tons of coal over the reef. Still a few days after that Manuel Silva was picked out of a score of others for arrest and trial for "stealing" this coal. This case is now pending in the circuit court.

Davis and Breckons are attorneys for Wall, who asks for \$1064.

GROUP.

Not a minute should be lost when a child shows symptoms of croup. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

Mayaoki Mago, who pleaded guilty last week to a violation of the Edmunds Act, was yesterday sentenced to pay a fine of \$100 with no costs.

interpreter. The man who interpreted from English to Hawaiian was a martyr, and the way he changed the different speaker's remarks around to suit his own style of oratory, was immense. Benvenuto spoke in three languages—Portuguese, English and Hawaiian. John Anderson went one better and rattled off his talk in four. Anderson claimed that because he spoke Chinese he should be elected.

Pacheco, of Bulletin fame, got up and told everybody what a martyr he was, and promised the crowd that should he be elected, the Democrats would have a bandstand of their own next year. This took the "poor working" men's fancy and Pacheco got a cheer.

Fred Tarrill did his usual wela ka hao stunt and waxed warm when he told of the horrible sugar planters, who would take the bread and butter from a blind baby. E. L. Lake followed Fred, and he was about as entertaining and truthful as the rest of the bunch.

One of the stars was J. M. Poeper, and he held the people entranced for a while; those who understood him said that he told the people of Hawaii that today on the mainland from Maine to Sunny California, the same old question was being put to the people. He did not mention the sugar barons as being robbers, and for that may be termed a star performer.

Wade Warren Thayer, the candidate for the office of attorney, was one of the few English-speaking persons, and he told all about himself and why he should be elected. He made one promise and that was that if he were elected he would do his duty. Thayer's speech was well received and it was one of the very few sensible ones.

Demcon Trent adopted his very best Sunday-go-to-meeting manner and spoke like a sky pilot. He told the old story of how he had always paid the police officers, roadmen and other people one hundred cents on the dollar. He got mad because the truth of the statement had been questioned at the Republican meeting on the other side of the field.

"Beauty" Rivenburgh was the next speaker and he advanced many reasons why he should be elected. The Mayor's secretary looked nice but that was about all.

Lester Petrie got a fairly good reception, and he told the crowd that he was on the ticket to fight and that he would do so until the end. He said that he is not afraid of any man who can be put up against him, and he challenged any Republican to go up against him in his district.

McCandless wound up the show at two o'clock, and the crowd had dwindled away to almost nothing. The remarks of McCandless were only the same old stuff that has been peddled out during the whole of the campaign. At latest the few faithful were hanging on around the impromptu stand and hoping for daylight to come.

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